

# Effect of electron-electron interactions on the magnetoresistivity of a weakly-screened, low-density, two-dimensional electron liquid

I. Karakurt<sup>1</sup> and A.J. Dahm<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> *Department of Physics, Işık University, Şile, Istanbul 34980, Turkey*

<sup>2</sup> *Department of Physics, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, OH 44106-7079, USA*

We study the strength of electron-electron interactions using magneto-resistivity measurements of two dimensional non-degenerate electrons on helium. Magneto-resistivity of electrons were measured as a function of a magnetic field transverse to the two-dimensional electron layer. With our ability to achieve very low densities we were able to study the effect of electron-electron interactions on magneto-resistivity in the classical regime and at intermediate fields. We observe a crossover from strongly-interacting electron (Drude) regime to independent-electron regime where the data are qualitatively described by self-consistent Born approximation (SCBA) at finite fields. Our data confirm the theory of Lea and Dykman [1-3], and show that electron-electron interactions are important to very low densities. We also find that the SCBA magnetoresistance is density dependent, which in turn suggests that SCBA theory is incomplete.

[1] M.I. Dykman and M.J. Lea and P. Fozooni and J. Frost, Phys. Rev. Lett., 70, 395 (1993).

[2] M.J. Lea and M.I. Dykman, Philos. Mag. B, 69, 1059 (1994).

[3] C.Fang-Yen and M.I. Dykman and M.J. Lea, Phys. Rev. B, 55, 16249 (1997).

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday